



## Letter to Editor: Recent Advancement in Blood Cancer Research and Management

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### Letter to Editor

Blood Cancer is one of the leading causes of death globally. As per National Foundation for Cancer Research 1.2 million people in the U.S alone is living with blood cancer [1]. According to the statistical data provided by Leukemia & Lymphoma Society every 3 minutes a new person is diagnosed with some type of blood cancer [2]. Adding to the complexity of the disease there is no accurate survival data available. Generally, blood cancers are of three distinct types affecting the leucocyte cells (Leukemia), lymphocytes (Lymphoma) and plasma cells like B lymphocytes

(Myeloma). These are further sub-classified according to severity and effected cells. Recent advancements in diagnostic technique have significantly increased the survival rate.

Early diagnosis and staging of the disease play a pivotal role in blood cancer management and treatment strategies. Conventional methods include blood test, Bone marrow examination, Diagnostic imaging tests- CT scan, PET scan, and X-ray, Physical examination, Surgical lymph node removal (for examination).

**Table 1:** Diagnostic technique for different types of blood cancers.

Blood cancer sub-type	Diagnostic technique
<i>Acute myeloid leukemia</i>	Immunophenotyping, cytogenetics, molecular testing, Analysis of FLT3, NPM1, and CEBPA, Analysis of PML-RARA
<i>Chronic myelogenous leukemia</i>	Cytogenetics, by FISH, or by PCR targeted at the BCR/ABL fusion gene.
<i>Acute lymphoblastic leukemia</i>	Immunophenotyping, bone marrow examination
<i>Chronic lymphocytic leukemia</i>	smears of the peripheral blood and bone marrow, immunophenotyping, ZAP-70 analysis, and (IgV <sub>H</sub> ) gene mutation status
<i>Polycythemia vera</i>	Molecular testing on a peripheral blood or bone marrow sample for JAK2 V617F mutation
<i>Essential thrombocythemia</i>	Molecular testing on a peripheral blood or bone marrow sample for JAK2 V617F mutation
<i>Primary myelofibrosis</i>	Molecular testing on a peripheral blood or bone marrow sample for JAK2 V617F mutation
<i>Myelodysplastic syndromes</i>	cellularity, immunophenotyping, cytogenetics, and molecular studies

Staging helps understand the exact type, location, and spread of the cancer and it usually goes hand in hand

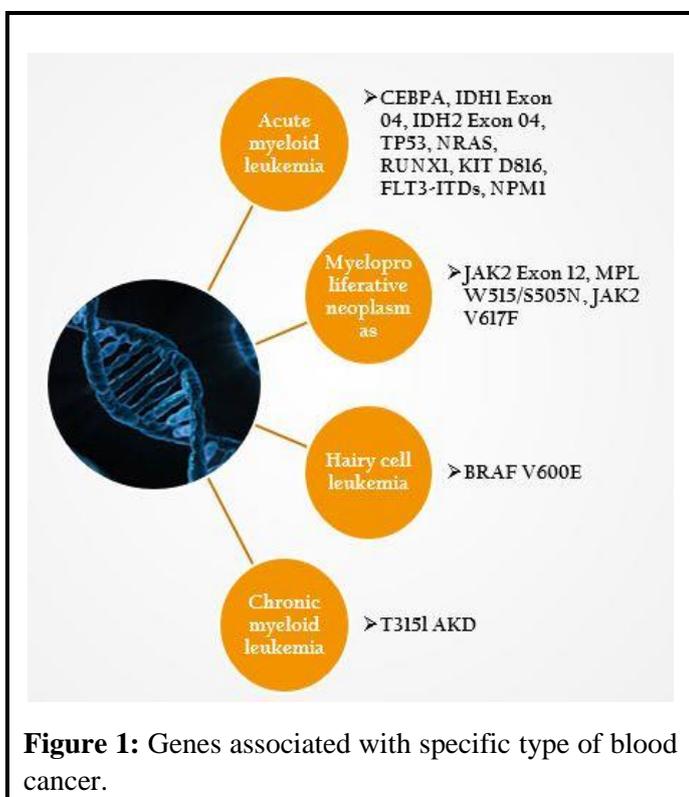
with diagnosis. However, there are different advanced techniques for the detection of sub-types of blood

cancers in a more accurate way. Table 1 summarizes the recent diagnostic methods for blood cancers [3]. In the recent past molecular level studies have gained pace. Many specific molecular markers are now known which

helps in early detection of the disease. Some of specific molecular markers are listed in Table 2 [3]. However, many lymphomas have not yet been linked to any biomarker.

**Table 2:** Molecular markers for different types of blood cancers.

Types of blood cancer	Detection of chromosome	Markers
Follicular lymphoma	t(14;18)	IgH/BCL2
Mantle cell lymphoma	t(11;14)	IgH/CCND1
Marginal zone lymphoma	t(11;18)	API/MALT1
Burkitt lymphoma	t(8;14) or t(2;8) or t(8;22)	IgH/CMYC
Anaplastic large cell lymphoma	t(2;5)	NPM/ALK



Although there is no strong evidence of blood cancers being heritable in nature. Still several genes and their studies are being linked to specific type of blood cancers. They are now being exploited for molecular level diagnosis of the disease. Figure 1 shows different genes associated with specific type of blood cancer [3].

It is important that constant research should be performed to find novel ways for disease diagnosis and treatment. Although a number of conventional medication and treatment strategies is available in the market, many pharmaceutical companies are performing clinical trials and biomedical research in this regard. A number of drugs and biologicals have been approved by United States Food and Drug Administration (U.S.FDA) in the recent past. Table 3 summarizes the drugs approved by U.S.FDA in the last two years for blood cancers, the brand name, the company for which it has been approved and indication for medication [4].

**Table 3:** List of drugs approved by U.S.FDA for blood cancer in last two years.

Drug	Brand Name	Company	Indication	Year
Moxetumomab pasudotox-tdfk	Lumoxiti	Astrazeneca Pharmaceuticals	Hairy cell leukemia	2018
Gemtuzumab ozogamicin	Mylotarg	Pfizer Inc	CD33-positive acute myeloid leukemia	2017
Ivosidenib	Tibsovo	Agios Pharmaceuticals	Relapsed or refractory acute myeloid leukemia	2018
Midostaurin	Rydapt	Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation	Acute myeloid leukemia with genetic mutation of FLT3	2017
Daunorubicin and cytarabine	Vyxeos	Jazz Pharmaceuticals	Acute myelogenous leukemia	2018

Glasdegib	Daurismo	Pfizer Inc	Newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukemia	2018
Gilteritinib	Xospata	Astellas Pharma	Acute myeloid leukemia (AML) with a FLT3 mutation	2018
Enasidenib	Idhifa	Celgene Corporation	Refractory acute myeloid leukemia	2017
Ivosidenib	Tibsovo	Agios Pharmaceuticals, Inc	Refractory acute myeloid leukemia	2018
Blinatumomab	Blinicyto	Amgen Inc	B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia	2018
Duvelisib	Copiktra	Verastem, Inc	Refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)	2018
Tisagenlecleucel	Kymriah	Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation	Young adult patients with a form of acute lymphoblastic leukemia	2017
Tagraxofusp-erzs	Elzonris	Stemline Therapeutics	Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm	2018
Calaspargase pegol-mknl	Asparlas	Servier Pharmaceuticals LLC	Acute lymphoblastic leukemia	2018
Bosutinib	Bosulif	Pfizer Inc	Philadelphia chromosome positive (Ph+) chronic myelogenous leukemia	2017
Dasatinib	Sprycel	Bristol-Myers Squibb Co	Philadelphia chromosome-positive (Ph+) chronic myeloid leukemia (CML)	2017
Venetoclax	Venclexta	Abbvie Inc and Genentech Inc.	Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)	2018
Nilotinib	Tasigna	Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation	Philadelphia chromosome positive chronic myeloid leukemia	2018
Rituximab and hyaluronidase human	Rituxan hycela	Genentech Inc	Follicular lymphoma, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, and chronic lymphocytic leukemia	2017
Inotuzumab ozogamicin	Besponsa	Wyeth Pharmaceuticals Inc., a subsidiary of Pfizer Inc	B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia	2017

From the patient's perspective, it is important that the financial burden of treatment must be minimized. In the coming years, we believe that more breakthrough researches will be made, and new and cost-effective way of treatment will be available for the masses.

## References

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